Installation Instructions for Engineered Luxury Vinyl Floor - SPC (5Gi)

ATTENTION! READ BEFORE INSTALLING!

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS THOROUGHLY BEFORE BEGINNING INSTALLATION. If the following instructions leave any unanswered questions or if additional information is required, please contact the supplier.

NOTE: IT'S THE OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY THAT THE PRODUCT SUPPLIED IS THE CORRECT PRODUCT, COLOUR, PATTERN AND QUANTITY PRIOR TO INSTALLATION AND IN GOOD NATURAL LIGHT, INSPECT EACH PLANK FOR ANY OBVIOUS VISUAL DEFECTS. IF YOU FIND ANY DEFECTS, DO NOT USE THE PLANK AND CONTACT YOUR SUPPLIER IMMEDIATELY. THE MANUFACTURE WARRANTY DOES NOT COVER LABOUR FOR INSTALLATION OF FLOORS WITH VISIBLE DEFECTS.

SET UP

To ensure you have sufficient material on hand, calculate the total area of the room and add 5% of material to allow for custom fitting. 24 hours prior to installation, place the close packages in the middle of the room, not against a wall or corner. DO NOT INSTALL THE FLOOR UNTIL IT IS ACCLIMATIZED TO THE REQUIRED ROOM TEMPERATURE OF 60°F to 77°F (16°C to 25°C). WARNING: DO NOT INSTALL THIS FLOOR WHERE IT WILL BE EXPOSED TO TEMPERATURES GREATER THAN 158°F (70°C) and/or directly under the sunlight, please contact your supplier to confirm suitability of this product.

FOR BEST VISUAL REPRESENTATION OF YOUR FLOOR

This flooring replicates the look of a natural product which has natural variations in colour, texture, and sheen/gloss. For best visual effect, shuffle planks or tiles from several cartons and do not install similar planks or tiles next to one another.

PRE-INSTALLATION JOBSITE REQUIREMENTS

Prior to installation of any flooring, the installer must ensure that the jobsite and subfloor meet the requirements of these instructions. Manufacture is not responsible for flooring failure resulting from unsatisfactory jobsite and/or subfloor conditions. Flooring should be one of the last items installed in any new construction or remodel project.

Crawl spaces must be a minimum of 18" (46cm) from the ground to the underside of the joists. A ground cover of 6-20 mil black polyethylene film is essential as a vapor barrier. Joints must be lapped 6" (15cm) and sealed with moisture resistant tape. The crawl space should have perimeter venting equal to a minimum of 1.5% of the crawl space footage. These vents should be properly located to foster cross ventilation. Where necessary, local regulations prevail.

Room temperature and humidity of installation areas should be consistent with normal, year-round living conditions for at least one week before installation of flooring. Maintaining a temperature of -22°F to 158°F (-30°C to 70°C) and a humidity range of 30-50% is recommended.

PRE-INSTALLATION SUBFLOOR REQUIREMENTS

All Subfloors must be:

- Dry
- Structurally sound
- Clean: Thoroughly swept and free of all debris
- Level: Flat to 3/16" per 10-foot radius

Wood subfloors must be dry and well secured. Nail or screw every 6" along joists to avoid squeaking. If not level, sand down high spots and fill low spots with a Portland-based leveling patch.

Concrete subfloors must be fully cured, at least 60 days old, and 6 mil poly film is recommended between concrete and ground. Subfloor should be flat and level within 3/16" per 10-foot radius. if it necessary, grind high spots down and level low spots with a Portland leveling compound.

Ceramic tile, resilient tile and sheet vinyl must be well-bonded to subfloor, in good condition, clean, and level. Do not sand existing vinyl floors, as they may contain asbestos.

INSTALLATION TOOLS

For all installation methods:

Tape measure, Pencil, Chalk Line, Crosscut Power Saw, 3M Scotch Blue™ 2080 Tape, 1/4" Spacers, Hammer, Tapping Block, Pull Bar.

This floor can be installed on all levels of the home.



Acceptable subfloor types:

CDX Underlayment Grade Plywood (at least 1/2" thick)
OSB (at least 3/4" thick)
Ceramic Tile
Resilient Tile

Underlayment Grade Particleboard Existing Wood or Laminate Floor Sheet Vinyl

STARTING YOUR INSTALLATION

Because houses and buildings, as well as adjacent hardwood or laminate floors, expand and contract, manufacture recommends leaving a 1/4" expansion gap between the perimeter walls, any adjacent floor, and all vertical surfaces. Do not install kitchen islands or cabinets on top of this floating floor.

Work from several open boxes of flooring and "dry lay" the floor before permanently laying the floor. This will allow you to select varying textures, colours, and sheens, and to arrange them in a harmonious pattern. Remember, it is te installers' responsibility to determine the expectations of what the finished floor will look like with the end user first and then to cull out pieces that do not meet those expectations.

Begin installation next to an outside wall. This is usually the straightest and best reference for establishing a straight working line. Establish this line by measuring an equal distance from the wall at both ends and snapping a chalk line. The distance you measure from the wall should be the width of a plank or tile. You may need to scripe cut the first row of planks or tiles to match the wall in order to make a straight working line if the wall is out of straight.

You may want to position a few rows before starting installation to confirm your layout decision and working line. When laying flooring, stagger end joints from row to row by at least 12" (30cm) for planks and tiles. For plank installations, you can use the cut-off end to begin the next row when cutting the last plank in a row to fit. if cut-off end is less than 8", discard it and instead cut a new plank at a random length (at least 8" in length) and use it to start the next row. For tile installations, always begin a row with either a full tile or a half tile so that the joints are consistently staggered in a "brick work" type pattern. Always begin each row from the same side of the room.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

This is a floating floor and designed and manufactured to be installed as floating only.

Inspection: Prior to installation, inspect material in daylight for visible faults/damage. Check if subfloor/site conditions comply with the specifications described in these instructions. If you are not satisfied, do not install, and contact your supplier.

Before laying: Measure the room at right angle to the direction of the flooring. For best visual effect, planks or tiles in the final row can be cut to smaller size. Shuffle boards in order to obtain a pleasent blend of shades. Lay boards, preferebly following the direction of the main source of light. We recommend laying wodden floors crossways to the existing floorboards.



First row

Place panel (A) as support for long side alignment of panel (B) and (C) while you install panel (B) and panel (C). After that the complete first row is installed, remove panel (A).



Afterwards, use a rubber hammer along the short end just installed.



Second panel, first row

Place this panel (C) gently close to the short end of the first one (B).



At the end of the first row, put a spacer to the wall and measure the length of the last panel to fit.



Fold the panel down in a single movement. During the fold down, make sure the panels are close to each other.



Second row, first panel

Start with the rest of the cut panel from the first row.



Staggered joint distance i.e. minimum distance between short ends of panels in parallel rows shall not be less than the given length.



After 2-3 rows
Adjust the distance to the fron wall by placing spacers.



Second row, second panel
Place the panel gently and close to
the short end of the previous panel
and fold it down in a single action
movement.



The first and last row may need to be adjusted at an uneven wall. Copy the wall line to the first and last panel row with the shown tool, disassemble panels, adjust and reinstall.

Installation around radiator / heating pipes





Drill holes two times larger than the diameter of the pipes. Remove a piece of the panel with a utility knife. Put the panel on one side of the pipes and the removed piece on the other.

When angling is not possible





Remove the vertical locking part of the strip with a chisel, put applicable glue on the strip and push the panels horizontally together. Place some spacers between last board and the wall.

Dismantling panels



Separate the whole row by carefully lifting up and release the whole row.

Fold up the row and release the whole long side.



Disassemble the panels by lifting the short ends upwards.

Never fold up a panel, as this damages the profile.

In-floor Radiant Heat

This floor can be installed over radiant hear using the floating method.

- Turn the heat off for 24 hours before, during and 24 hours after installation when installing over radiant heated subfloors
- Floor temperature must not exceed 85°F (30°C)
- Failure to strictly follow adhesive manufacturer's guidelines may result in failure and void the warranty.
 Warning: Electric heating mats that are not embedded into the subfloor are not recommended for use underneath this floor. Using electric heating mats that are not embedded and applied directly underneath this floor could void the warranty for your floor in case of failure. It is best to install flooring over embedded hydronic radiant floor heating systems only and adhere to the guidelines listed above.

AFTER INSTALLATION

- Flooring should be one of the last items installed in a project. In order to protect the floors while other trades are finishing their work prior to final cleanup, use rosin paper and only use 3M Scotch Blue 2080 Tape to hold the rosin paper to the floor (other blue tapes may damage the finish). CLean the floor thoroughly before laying the rosin paper to ensure that no debris is trapped underneath. DO NOT USE plastic film or other non-breathing coverings as this can cause the floor to become damaged from humidity buildups.
- Dust-mop or vacuum your floor to remove any dirt or debris.
- It is suggested that you clean the floor using a recommended LVT cleaner.
- Install any transition pieces that may be needed (reducers, T-moldings, etc.).

PROTECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF YOUR FLOOR

Lasting beauty can be achieved through purchasing a quality floor covering and providing proper on-going maintenance.

- Furniture should be moved onto the newly installed floor using an applicance hand truck over hardboard runaways.
- Avoid exposure to long periods of direct sunlight. Close blinds or drapes during peak sunlight hours. Floor covering subjected to excessive heat and light is subject to thermal degradation. Use appropriate precautions to minimize potential effects on the floor covering
- Do not expose floors to temperature exceeding 150°F (70°C).
- Oil or petroleum-based products can result in surface staining. Do not track asphault-driveway sealer or automobile oil drips onto the vinyl floor covering.
- · Caster wheeled chairs should have wide, rubber casters. Protective mats are required under office chairs.
- Use non-staining mats. Rubber may discolour the floor.
- Frequently moved furniture should be equipped felt pads to avoid scratching the floor. Heavy furniture and appliances should be equipped with non-staining large surface floor protectors. Furniture with castors or wheels must be easy swiveling, large surface non-staining and suitable for resilent floors. Do NOT use ball type castors as they can damage the floor.
- Use floor protectors under furniture.
- Use walk off mats at entrances to prevent dirt and grit from being tracked on to the floor.
- Sweep or vacuum the floor regularly to remove loose dirt. Do NOT use vacuums that use a beater bar or turn beater bar off.
- Do NOT use electronic brooms with hard plastic bottoms with no padding.
- Clean up spills immediately.
- Damp mop as needed using clean water and a diluted floor clearner. Do NOT use hard cleaners or chemicals on the floor. Do NOT use abrasive scrubbing tools. Do NOT use detergents, abrasive cleaners or "mop and shine" products.
- Vinyl flooring, like other types of smooth floors, may become slippery when wet. Allow time for floor to dry after cleaning. Immediately wipe up wet areas from spills, foreign substances, or wet feet.